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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/786,643	02/25/2004	Kuan-Lun Cheng	TSM03-0698	3090
43859 73	590 03/25/2005		EXAMINER	
SLATER & MATSIL, L.L.P. 17950 PRESTON ROAD, SUITE 1000			QUINTO, KEVIN V	
DALLAS, TX 75252		o .	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·			2826	
			DATE MAILED: 03/25/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		10/786,643	CHENG ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Kevin Quinto	2826
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Experiod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of thin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI , cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. HTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 Ja</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal mat	•
Disposit	ion of Claims		
5)□ 6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Applicat	ion Papers		
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeya ion is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)□ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in A rity documents have beer u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage
Attachmen		_	
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔲 Infor	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed January 3, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant states that the previous Office action did not point out where the Shimizu reference (US Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0029323 A1) meets the applicant's disclosed claims. However the Office action explicitly pointed out figures 5(a)-5(c) as well as the pertinent text (p. 2, paragraphs 23-24; p. 7, paragraphs 105, 106; and p. 8, paragraphs 108, 111). Therefore the previous rejection stands.

Specification

- 2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.
- The applicant has not responded to the objection made to the title in the previous
 Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States

only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

- 5. Claims 1-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shimizu et al. (United States Patent Application No. US 2004/0029323 A1).
- 6. In reference to claims 1 and 14, Shimizu et al. (United States Patent Application No. US 2004/0029323 A1, hereinafter referred to as the "Shimizu" reference) discloses a similar device and method. Figures 5(a)-5(c) illustrate a fabrication method for a CMOS structure having a silicon nitride layer (16) in which the stress is relaxed by implantation by ions. Shimizu discloses that any ions are usable (p.8, paragraph 111).
- 7. With regard to claims 2, 3, 5, 7, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, and 24, figures 5(a)-5(c) illustrates the use of a photoresist mask in order to prevent ion implantation in all but the selected area. Shimizu also discusses the use of the photoresist mask to block the NMOS or the PMOS area of the structure (p.7, paragraph 106 and p.8, paragraph 111).
- 8. In reference to claims 4, 6, 17, and 21, Shimizu makes it clear that the stress to be modified may be compressive or tensile (p.8, paragraph 108 and p.8, paragraph 111).
- 9. In reference to claim 8, Shimizu (US 2004/0029323 A1) discloses a similar device. Figures 5(a)-5(c) illustrate a CMOS structure with a silicon nitride layer (16) which overlies one or more NMOS structures and one or more PMOS structures. Shimizu does not disclose the use of the silicon nitride as a contact etch stop layer. However a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to

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patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Therefore the limitation describing the silicon nitride layer as the contact etch stop layer is not patentably distinguishable over the Shimizu reference. First areas of the nitride layer (16) overlying one type of device are implanted by ions while second areas of the layer (16) are not implanted by ions. Shimizu discloses that any ions are usable (p.8, paragraph 111).

- 10. In reference to claims 9 and 12, Shimizu discloses that the silicon nitride layer(16) is formed by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition (p.7, paragraph 105).
- 11. With regard to claim 10, Shimizu makes it clear that the silicon nitride layer may be formed by a thermal CVD process (p.2, paragraphs 23-24).
- 12. With regard to claims 11 and 13, figures 5(a)-5(c) illustrates the use of a photoresist mask in order to prevent ion implantation in all but the selected area. Shimizu also discusses the use of the photoresist mask to block the NMOS or the PMOS area of the structure (p.7, paragraph 106 and p.8, paragraph 111).
- 13. In reference to claim 25, Shimizu (US 2004/0029323 A1) discloses a similar method. Figures 5(a)-5(c) illustrate a process for fabricating a CMOS structure with a silicon nitride layer (16) which overlies one or more NMOS structures and one or more PMOS structures. Shimizu does not disclose the use of the silicon nitride as a contact

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etch stop layer. However a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). Therefore the limitation describing the silicon nitride layer as the contact etch stop layer is not patentably distinguishable over the Shimizu reference. Areas of the nitride layer (16) overlying one type of device are implanted by ions while other areas of the layer (16) are simultaneously prevented from being implanted with ions. Shimizu discloses that any ions are usable (p.8, paragraph 111).

- 14. With regard to claims 26, 27, 30, 32, figures 5(a)-5(c) illustrates the use of a photoresist mask in order to prevent ion implantation in all but the selected area. Shimizu also discusses the use of the photoresist mask to block the NMOS or the PMOS area of the structure (p.7, paragraph 106 and p.8, paragraph 111).
- 15. In reference to claims 28 and 31, Shimizu discloses that the silicon nitride layer (16) is formed by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition (p.7, paragraph 105).
- 16. With regard to claim 29, Shimizu makes it clear that the silicon nitride layer may be formed by a thermal CVD process (p.2, paragraphs 23-24).

Conclusion

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17. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Quinto whose telephone number is (571) 272-1920. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272-1915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

KVQ

SUPERVISORY PATER CONTROL TECHNOLOGY OLIVIER ?